BHUTAN

I.1 Introduction

Year of ratification 2001

Organisation submitting the report

 The National Commission for Cultural Affairs P.O. Box 233 Thimphu Bhutan

I.2 Identification of cultural and natural heritage properties

The status of national inventories

- A basic inventory list for cultural heritage exists at the National level, "with the detailed inventory currently under process."
- For natural heritage, a biodiversity inventory has been carried out at the local protected area level.

The preparation of a Tentative List

- "The preparation of the Tentative List is at a very preliminary stage. Currently the process of studying various properties and compiling detailed reports on these properties is in progress."
- Consultation with the local authorities and population is considered integral to the process of compiling the Tentative List.

Nominations and the nomination process

Not applicable as the State Party is new.

I.3 Protection, conservation and presentation of the cultural and natural heritage

Integration of heritage and planning

- The National Forest Policy of Bhutan (1974) covers forest conservation, grazing rights, shifting cultivation, watershed management, and regulations on the felling of trees.
- At least 60% of the total area of the country is under forest cover and 5 protected areas cover almost one quarter of the country.
- In 2001-2002, the Government identified 9% of the land as 'biodiversity corridors' linking parks.
- The Government has adopted numerous policies to promote sustainable rural livelihoods. New legislation is conceived only after extensive analysis of the appropriateness of international standards in relation to local conditions & values.

Participation of local communities

- "Policies that aim to give cultural and natural heritage a function in the life of the community has always formed an important part of Bhutan's policy of development."
- Set up in 2002, the 'Geog (block) Development Committee' of each District has made communities fully responsible for the protection of all natural and cultural heritage sites.
- Local communities are encouraged to partake in the selection of projects to be implemented annually for the conservation of natural & cultural heritage.

Tourism Development

 The Government has adopted a 'National Sustainable Tourism Policy'.

Financial measures and budget allowance

- The Government funds 3 projects per year for the protection & rehabilitation of cultural heritage in the 20 districts in Bhutan. No figures supplied.
- A Cultural Trust Fund & Bhutan Trust Fund for natural heritage have also been created.

Professional

- Approx. 30 and 31 staff are involved in the protection, conservation & presentation of cultural and natural heritage respectively at the national level.
- Staff are responsible for technical advice, studies, inventories, and the implementation of projects.
- A few staff have international postgraduate qualifications relating to natural heritage. Little training exists for the conservation of cultural heritage.
- The 'Subsidiary Environmental Studies programme' has been introduced with the help of WWF-Bhutan at Sherubtse College.

New and improved services

- No new specific services.
- Activities increasing awareness of the standards & principles of the WH Convention since ratification in 2001.

Issues to be addressed

- Equipment and better transportation.
- · Lack of appropriately trained staff.
- Funding availability for scientific research.

I.4 International co-operation and fund raising

National and International Fund Raising

- Not applicable.
- International Assistance from the WHF: none.

I.5 Education, information and awarenessbuilding

Information and awareness measures

- Small-scale national & regional workshops.
- Basic manuals & brochures.
- Education on natural heritage has been introduced into the primary, secondary & tertiary levels of the school curriculum. Basic information on cultural heritage is part of the history curriculum for most students.

I.6 Conclusions and recommended actions

Conclusions and proposed actions

- The main organisations are the National Commission for Cultural Affairs & the National Environment Commission of the Min. of Agriculture.
- Basic inventories of cultural and natural heritage have been compiled at the national & local levels.
- The preparation of a Tentative List is in its early stages.
- Bhutan's development philosophy is based on the "Gross National Happiness" of its people, the main principles being the protection of its environmental & cultural heritage, good governance and economic growth.